

Rapid Competitive Immunochromatographic Assay for the detection of Methadone in human

DEVICE

DEVICE

#### INTENDED USE

INSIGHT-MTD is a rapid, qualitative, immunochromatographic assay for the detection of methadone in human urine. This test is used to screen the methadone intoxication. For healthcare professional use only.

#### SUMMARY

Methadone is a central nervous system (CNS) depressant. Methadone is used as an analgesic. It is administered either orally, subcutaneously, intravenously or by intramuscular injection. The use of methadone may result in adverse effects such as nausea, headache, vomiting, impotence, cardiac arrhythmia and hallucinations. It also produces marked sedative effect with repeated administration as a result of drug accumulation. The duration of effect of methadone is 12-24 hours. Its major urinary excretion products are methadone, EDDP (2-ethyldiene-1,5-dimethyl-3,3-diphenylpyrrolidine) and EMPD (2-ethyl -5-methyl-3,3 - diphenyl-pyrroline). The percentage of methadone excreted unchanged in urine is 5-50% much higher than EDDP and EMPD, of the dose in 24 hours. The half - life of methadone is 15 to 60 hours.

INSIGHT-MTD one step test for methadone detects the presence of methadone in human urine specimens, qualitatively, at concentrations as low as 300 ng/ml.

#### **PRINCIPLE**

INSIGHT-MTD is based on the principle of agglutination of antibodies/ antisera with respective antigen in a competitive immuno-chromatography format along with use of nano gold particles as agglutination. The conjugate pad is impregnated with two components - Agglutinating sera for Methadone conjugated to colloidal gold and rabbit globulin conjugated to colloidal gold. As the test specimen flows through the membrane assembly of the device, the Agglutinating sera for Methadone - colloidal gold conjugate complexes with the Methadone present in the test specimen and travels on the membrane due to capillary action along with the rabbit globulin-colloidal gold conjugate. This complex moves further on the membrane to the test region (T) where it is not immobilized by Methadone conjugated to BSA coated on the membrane, therefore forming no band. The absence of this band in the test region (T) indicates a positive result. In absence of Methadone in the test specimen, the Agglutinating sera for Methadone-colloidal gold conjugate and along with rabbit globulin-colloidal gold conjugate moves further on the membrane to the test region (T) where it is immobilized by the Methadone conjugated to BSA coated on the membrane, forming a pink coloured band indicating a negative result.

The rabbit globulin colloidal gold conjugate and unbound complex if any move further on the membrane and are subsequently immobilized by the Agglutinating sera for rabbit globulin coated on the membrane at the control region (C) forming a pink coloured band. This control band acts as a procedural control and serves to validate the test results.

## REAGENTS AND MATERIALS SUPPLIED

A. Each INSIGHT-MTD kit contains individual pouches each containing a

- 1. Device: Membrane test assembly impregnated with colloidal gold conjugated to the Agglutinating sera for Methadone and rabbit globulin, Methadone conjugated to BSA and Agglutinating sera for rabbit globulin at the respective regions.
- 2. PPETTE: Sample applicator.
- 3. Desiccant pouch.
- B. Package insert.

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# OPTIONAL MATERIAL REQUIRED

Variable volume precision micropipettes, stopwatch.

### STORAGE AND STABILITY

The sealed pouches in the test kit and the kit components may be stored between 4 - 30°C till the duration of the shelf life as indicated on the pouch/carton. DO NOT FREEZE.

### NOTE

- 1. For in vitro diagnostic and professional use only. NOT FOR MEDICINAL USE.
- 2. Do not use beyond expiry date.

- 3. Read the instructions carefully before performing the test.
- 4. Handle all specimen as if potentially infectious.
- 5. Follow standard biosafety guidelines for handling and disposal of potentially infectious material.
- 6. If desiccant colour at the point of opening the pouch has turned from blue to pink or colourless, another test device
- 7. Contact with the contents of desiccant pouch containing, among other substances, cobalt chloride (CAS# 7646-79-9) should be kept to a minimum. Inhalation / swallowing may cause harm.

# SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

- 1. INSIGHT-MTD uses human urine as specimen.
- 2. No special preparation of the patient is necessary prior to specimen collection by approved techniques.
- 3. A clean dry plastic or glass container may be used for specimen collection.
- Though fresh specimen is preferable, in case of delay in testing, it may be stored at 2-8°C for maximum up to 24 hours.
- 5. Refrigerated specimens must be brought to room temperature prior to testing.
- 6. Repeated freezing and thawing of the specimen should be avoided.
- Specimen containing precipitates or particulate matter must be centrifuged and the clear supernatant only used for testing.

#### **TESTING PROCEDURE**

- 1. Bring the kit components of INSIGHT-MTD device to room temperature before testing.
- 2. Open a foil pouch by tearing along the "notch".
- 3. Remove the testing device and the sample applicator.
- 4. Check the colour of the desiccant pouch. It should be blue. If the desiccant has turned colourless or pink, discard the test device and use another device. Once opened, the device must be used immediately.
- 5. Label the device with specimen identity.
- 6. Place the testing device on a flat horizontal surface.
- Holding the sample applicator vertically, carefully dispense exactly two drops of the test specimen into the specimen port (S). Alternatively, using a micropipette, carefully dispense exactly 50 µl of test specimen into the specimen port (S).
- 8. Start the stopwatch. Read the results at the end of 5 minutes. Do not interpret the results beyond 8 minutes.

## INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

## **Negative Result:**



COS

Two pink coloured bands appear at the control region (C) and test region (T). This indicates absence of methadone in the specimen.

# cor



One pink coloured band appears at the control region (C). This indicates that the specimen contains detectable amount of methadone.

The test result is invalid if no band appears either at the control region (C) or test region (T). In such cases, verify the test procedure and repeat the test with a INSIGHT MTD device.

Important: A very faint line on the test region indicates that the methadone in the sample is near the cut-off level for the test. These samples should be re-tested or confirmed with a more specific method before a positive determination is made.

### REMARKS

- The deliberate slow reaction kinetics of INSIGHT MTD is designed to maximize and enhance reaction time between sample capture and tracer elements to improve test sensitivity.
- 2. Most positive results develop within 5 minutes. However, some samples may take a longer time to flow. Therefore, negatives should be confirmed only at 8 minutes. Do not interpret the results beyond 8 minutes.
- 3. As with all diagnostic tests, a definitive clinical diagnosis should not be based on the result of a single test, but should only be made by the physician after all clinical and laboratory findings have been evaluated.
- 4. The assay is designed for use with human urine only.
- A preliminary positive result indicates only the presence of methadones and does not indicate or measure intoxication.
- There is a possibility that technical/or procedural errors as well as other substances or factors not listed may interfere with the test and cause false results. See specificity section that will produce positive results, or that do not interfere with the test performance.
- 7. If adulteration is suspected, the test should be repeated with a new sample.

- 8. Certain over the counter or prescription medications (or certain foods) may cause false results.
- 9. The length of time following drug use for which a positive result may occur is dependent upon several factors, including the frequency and amount of drug, metabolic rate, excretion rate, drug half life, the user's age, weight, activity and diet.
- 10. This assay provides only a preliminary analytical test result. A more specific alternative chemical method must be used in order to obtain a confirmed analytical result. Gas chromatography/ mass spectrometry (GC/MS) has been established as the preferred confirmatory method by the Substance Abuse Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). Clinical consideration and professional judgment should be applied to any drug of abuse test result, particularly when preliminary positive results are indicated.

# PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

- 1. Sensitivity: INSIGHT-MTD detects methadone at concentrations equal to or greater than 300 ng/ml.
- 2. **Specificity**: Interference of substances that may be present in urine specimens, as well as effect of sample pH and specific gravity was also studied.
  - a. Cross-reactivity of non-methadone related compounds at concentrations much higher than normally found in the urine of people using or abusing them were tested using assay devices.
  - b. No cross-reactivity was detected with the substances listed in table I. Table II lists methadone related substances and concentrations that produced results approximately equivalent to the cut-off level for methadone.

 Table I:

 Compounds listed in this table found not to interfere with the test results at concentration of 1mg/ml.

Acetaminophen	Ibuprofen
Acetone	(+/-) - Isoproterenol
Albumin	Ketamine
Ampicillin	Levorphanol
Ascorbic Acid	Lidocaine
Aspartame	(+) - Naproxen
Aspirin	Niacinamide
Atropine	Nicotine
Benzocaine	(+/-) - Norephedrine
Bilirubin	Oxalic Acid
Caffeine	Penicillin - G
Chloroquine	Pheniramine
(+) - Chlorpheniramine	Phenothiazine
(+/-) - Chlorpheniramine	1 - Phenylephrine
Creatine	β - Phenylethylamine
Dexbrompheniramine	Procaine
Dextromethrophan	Quinidine
Diphenhydramine	Ranitidine
Dopamine	Riboflavin
(+/-) - Epinephrine	Sodium Chloride
Erythromycin	Sulindac
Ethanol	Theophylline
Forosemide	Tyramine
Glucose	4 - Dimethylaminoantipyine
Guaiacol Glyceryl Ether	(1R,2S) - (-)- N- Methyl - Ephedrine
Hemoglobin	

#### Table II:

The following compounds showed a positive response at the concentrations indicated in the following table.

Compound	Concentration (ng/ml)
Methadone	300
(-)-α-Methadol	800
(-)-α-Acetylmethadol (LAAM)	1000

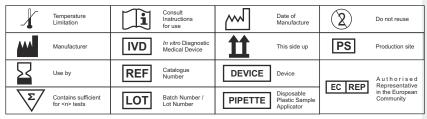
### WARRANTY

This product is designed to perform as described on the label and package insert. The manufacturer disclaims any implied warranty of use and sale for any other purpose.

#### RIRI IOGRAPHY

(1). www. drug detection. net/drug. html (2). Klabunde R.E., Cardiovascular Pharmacology Concepts; Beta Adrenoceptor Antagonists (Beta Blockers), Sympathomimetics, 2006. (3). Wu. AH, Onigbhinde TA, Wong SS, Johnson KG, Evaluation of full scanning GC/ion trap MS of NIDA drugs of abuse urine testing in urine. J. Anal. Toxicol. 1992, May, Jun; 16(3) pgs 202-206. (4). Drugs and Human Performance, FACT SHEETS Cannabis, Amphetamines. (5). Kreek M.J. and Hartmann N. Chronic use of opiods and anti psychotic drugs, side effects, effects of endogenous opiods and toxicity; Annals New York academy of Science pgs 151-172. (6). Drugs of Abuse, Drug Enforcement Administration ( DEA) Barbiturates pg 52, Benzodiazepines pg 53, Cocaine pg 45. (7) Data on file: Tulip Diagnostics (P) Ltd.

# SYMBOL KEYS







PS

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